WESSELS MINE TAILINGS FACILITY RISK



Slimes Dam Failure Modes Findings (GISTM Requirement 15.1 B3)

A failure modes and effects analysis was completed for the Slimes Dam at Wessels with the following potential failure modes identified:

- Overtopping failure;
- Piping failure;
- Foundation failure;
- Liquefaction failure; and
- Slump failure.

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Review of the above failure modes in the context of the Slimes Dam, including engineering review of geotechnical reports, laboratory test work and historical reports, resulted in two credible failure modes identified by the Engineer of Record (EoR):

- Foundation failure associated with the aeolian sands underlying the embankment triggered by a seismic event; and
- Overtopping failure due to accumulation of water leading to the storage volume being exceeding and subsequent erosion of the embankment caused by an extreme storm event.

Slimes Dam Credible Flow Failure Risk Assessment Outcomes (GISTM Requirement 15.1 B4)

In line with international best practice, a dam break assessment was conducted for two broad scenarios:

- A rainy/flood day failure, or overtopping scenario, which may cause the erosion of the supporting embankment
 and may also result in the release of a large volume of contaminated water. This water would entrain some
 tailings as it erodes the embankment and would behave as a non-Newtonian fluid. Thus, the erosion of the
 supporting embankment could result in either a flow slide (if the tailings liquefy), or a slump (if the tailings fail
 due to its residual shear strength without liquefying). The solids concentration of the liquefied tailings is likely
 to be reduced by dilution with the overtopping flood water; and
- A sunny day failure, which refers to a situation where the cause of removal of the supporting embankment would be by any mechanism other than overtopping erosion. Within this scenario, either a slump or flow slide may occur.

Table 1 below summarises the impact assessments and the environmental and human exposure and vulnerability to tailings facility credible flow failure scenarios for the Slimes Dam.

TSF	Credible Flow Failure	Assessment	Environmental and
	Scenario	Outcomes	Human Exposure
Slimes	Flow slide failure on the northeast	Inundation mapping	The potential for human
Dam	embankment following the initiating faults of:	shows that the residue	exposure is limited to within
	 Slope failure due to ponding against 	and water outflow	the operation. There is no
	the embankment. A head-cut erosion	would be contained	off-site impact to wildlife,
	process will initiate on the	within the Wessels	water sources and plants.
	downstream embankment face at the	mine site.	
	breach location; and		
	 Slope failure due to unrepresentative 		
	geotechnical foundation conditions		
	leading to seismic slope instability.		

Table 1: Credible Flow Failure Risk Assessment Outcomes